



Juliette Alimena (DESY) on behalf of the CMS Collaboration

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High-Luminosity LHC (HL-LHC)

- HL-LHC foreseen to operate from 2029-2041
- Expect to collect > 3 ab⁻¹ in 10 years
 - > 10 times more data by the end
- Up to 7.5 times the nominal instantaneous luminosity
- Expect up to 200 interactions per pp collision
- Unprecedented amount of radiation!





Physics at the HL-LHC

See Davide Zuolo's talk on <u>Highlights</u> <u>from HL-LHC Physics Prospects</u> (ALICE, ATLAS, CMS, LHCb) for more!

Precisely test the standard model, Hunt for rare exotic processes, including the **Higgs boson** including dark matter 14 TeV CMS Phase-2 Projection 3000 fb⁻¹ (14 TeV, ee + uu) vs = 14 TeV, 3000 fb⁻¹ per experiment significance [o] $([\sigma \cdot B] Z' [\sigma \cdot B] Z) \times [\sigma \cdot B] Z [pb]$ CMS Exp. 95% CL limit, median Total ATLAS and CMS — Statistical Exp. (68%) **HL-LHC** Projection Phase-2 Projection Experimental Exp. (95%) Uncertainty [%] 10 Theory Exp. 95% CL limit, median (Run 2) Tot Stat Exp Th Exp. (68%) (Run 2) Higgs 1.8 0.8 1.0 1.3 10^{-2} Exp. (95%) (Run 2) 1.7 0.8 0.7 1.3 Dilepton couplings Z'SSM 10⁻³ expected 1.5 0.7 0.6 1.2 resonances Z'_{SSM} (13 TeV)-2.5 0.9 0.8 2.1 10 Z'... (13 TeV) 3.4 0.9 1.1 3.1 10 3.7 1.3 1.3 3.2 0WLWL - WW rest-frame 10-Preliminary 1.9 0.9 0.8 1.5 pp rest-frame 4.3 3.8 1.0 1.7 10 W, W, scattering 5000 6000 7000 8000 1000 2000 3000 4000 9.8 7.2 1.7 6.4 m [GeV] 0.12 0.14 0.02 0.04 0.06 0.08 0.1 0 2000 4000 6000 Expected uncertainty CMS Phase-2 Simulation Preliminary 3000 fb⁻¹ (14 TeV) Luminosity [fb⁻¹] [dd] (N3↔ CMS Phase-2 Projection Preliminary Type-I Seesaw, $|V_{\mu N}|^2 = 1$, $|V_{eN}|^2 = |V_{\tau N}|^2 = 0$ $m(\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0})$ [GeV] 3000 fb⁻¹(14 TeV) 0.30 ^אר)/א' 0.25 מ(צ^{ר)} 95% expected 1200 CMS 68% expected Ημμ -dd)ο Median expected Phase-2 Projection Preliminary 1000 Cross Section o **Heavy neutral** with Run 2 syst. uncert. (S1): with HL-LHC syst. uncert. (S2) 800 0.20 ▲ Snowmass 2013 Snowmass 2013 Wino-like $\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}, \tilde{\chi}^{0}$ leptons Yellow Report 2018 Yellow Report 2018 --- Snowmass 2021 600 Snowmass 2021 0.15 YR 2018 4.8% 12.8% 8.5% 400 4.2% 0.10 10-YR 2018 2.0% **SUSY** 200 0.05 gauginos Improved analy techniques 10 400 800 1000 1200 1400 1600 200 600 500 1000 1500 2000 2500 3000 0.00^L $m(\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}/\tilde{\chi}^{0})$ [GeV] 500 2500 3000 m_N [GeV] L [fb⁻¹

J 3

CMS Phase 2 Upgrade in a



Overarching goals:

- Exploit the physics potential of the HL-LHC
- Cope with the demanding operational conditions of the HL-LHC
- Higher **geometrical coverage**
 - E.g. extend Tracker to $|\eta| \sim 4$
- High resolution and granularity
 - E.g. new High-Granularity Endcap Calorimeter (HGCAL)
- Precision timing information
 - E.g. new MIP Timing Detector (MTD)
- High radiation
 - E.g. replace Tracker
- High data rate
 - E.g. upgrade Trigger and Data Acquisition (DAQ)



Phase 2 Upgrade Under a

Level 1 Trigger <u>TDR</u>

- New track trigger at 40 MHz
- Particle flow selection
- 750 kHz L1 output
- 40 MHz data scouting (real time analysis)
- L1T latency: 12.5 μ s

New MIP timing detector (MTD) TDR

- Barrel: LYSO crystals + SiPMs
- Endcap: Low-gain avalanche diodes
- 30 ps timing resolution
- Full coverage to $|\eta|^{\sim}$ 3

Replaced Tracker TDR

- Increased granularity
- Extended coverage to $|\eta|^{\sim} 4$
- Designed for tracking in L1T

DAQ & High Level Trigger (HLT) <u>TDR</u>

- Full optical readout
- Heterogeneous architecture
- 60 TB/s event throughput
- 7.5 kHz HLT output

Barrel Calorimeter TDR

- ECAL crystal granularity readout at 40 MHz with precise timing for e/gamma at 30 GeV
- New ECAL and HCAL back-end boards

Muon System TDR

- New Drift Tubes (DTs) & Cathode Strip Chambers (CSCs) FE/BE readout
- New Resistive Plate Chambers (RPCs) BE electronics
- New Gas Electron Multipliers (GEMs) & new iRPCs 1.6 < |η| < 2.4

• Extended coverage to $|\eta|^{\sim}$ 3

New High-Granularity Endcap Calorimeter (HGCAL) <u>TDR</u>

- Imaging calorimeter
- Si, Scint+SiPM in Pb/Cu-W/SS
- 3D showers and precise timing

Beam Radiation Instrumentation and Luminosity (BRIL) TDR

• Target 1% offline (2% online) luminosity uncertainty



Status:

- Hardware: pre-production completed
 - Pilot designs and pilot-production ongoing towards final production-ready designs
- Firmware implementation proceeding in all fronts
- Algorithms prototyped in FPGAs and demonstrated
- Physics performance maintained and improved over Run 3

L1 Trigger

See Jose Enrique Palencia Cortezon's talk on the <u>CMS Level-1 Trigger Upgrade</u> for more!

- Hardware and firmware, with extensive use of state-ofthe-art FPGAs
- Increased rate: 100 kHz (Run 3) \Rightarrow 750 kHz (Run 4)
- Tracking information ($p_T > 2 \text{ GeV}$)
- Higher granularity for calorimeters & muon system
- Particle flow in correlator layer
- 40 MHz scouting system





Efficiency 0.1

0.6

0.4

0.2

20

40

60

80

Gen. p_⊤ (GeV)

100

L1 Trigger

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- Increased rate: 100 kHz (Run 3) \Rightarrow 750 kHz (Run 4)
- Tracking information ($p_{\tau} > 2 \text{ GeV}$)
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- Particle flow in correlator layer



20

30

40

50

60 70 Offline p_ [GeV]

10





Inner Tracker

- Almost **2 billion silicon pixels** read out by **13,500** chips on 4,350 modules: Active silicon area of 4.9 m²
- 3D sensors in TBPX L1, planar sensors everywhere else
- New CMS Read Out Chip (CROC) from RD53 collaboration (ATLAS+CMS)

Outer Tracker



- **pT modules**: using two closely spaced sensors (with strong magnetic field), provide pT discrimination at frontend
- **Stubs**: correlated pairs of clusters consistent with pt > 2 GeV. Input for track finder, used at L1

Status:

CROCv1

- Sensors and ASICs in production
 - ~60% of sensors delivered
- Kick-off batch for the FE hybrids of the modules is expected soon
- Pre-production for mechanical structures and integration ramping up

See Fabio Luongo's poster on "The CMS tracker upgrade for HL-LHC" for more!

Status:

- Sensor contracts ready
- Assembled and tested first **CROC** quad (proto-)modules with sensors for all sub-systems
- Getting ready for **production**level module tests



- Dedicated MIP timing layers with 30 ps precision*
- Located just outside tracker
- Hermetic coverage up to $|\eta|$ =3
- Improved tracking and vertexing for pileup reduction, unique potential for Long-Lived Particles



MTD

<u>Status:</u>

- Barrel:
 - Pre-production for LYSO crystal arrays in progress
 - Final SiPM prototypes being validated in test beams before production
 - Readout electronics: final versions are being validated
- Endcap:
 - Full-size (16x16) sensors tested everything as expected
 - Testbeam at Fermilab and CERN to finalize specifications
 - Full-size and functionality readout chip under validation

LYSO and SiPM array



Full-size LGAD sensor



*Barrel will degrade to 60 ps by end of life due to radiation damage

Barrel Calorimeter

ECAL

- Lead tungstate crystals and Avalanche Photodiodes (APDs) will be kept
- FE and BE electronics to be replaced
 - **30 ps time resolution** for 30 GeV e/γ.
 Achieved through faster analog FE and higher sampling frequency (160 MHz)
 - Single crystal at L1 trigger (instead of 5x5). Signal readout at 160 MHz (instead of 40 MHz)



<u>HCAL</u>

- Plastic scintillator tiles and wavelength-shifting fibers will be kept
- FE electronics with SiPMs installed in LS2 will be kept

<u>Status:</u>

- Two custom ASICs approved for production
- Prototype phase for VFE and FE cards is completed
 - Large scale card production to begin ~end of 2023
- Barrel Calorimeter Processor (BCPv2) offdetector readout: design mature, testing circuitry designs, expected in late 2023

Custom ASICs: CATIA amplifier and LiTE-DTU digitizer



VFE with CATIAs and LiTE-DTUs





See Milos Vojinovic's poster on "Vertical Integration System Testing of the CMS HGCAL Electronics" for more!

- Highly granular imaging calorimeter in endcaps
- 3D showers and precise timing
- ECAL (CE-E):
 - Silicon sensors
 - Cu, CuW, and Pb absorbers
 - 26 layers, X₀=25 and λ =1.3
- HCAL (CE-H):
 - Silicon sensors and scintillating tiles with SiPM readout
 - Stainless steel absorbers
 - 21 layers, *λ*=8.5





HGCAL

Status: Progressing well towards production

- Pre-production full-size silicon sensors arriving
- Latest prototype silicon and SiPM-on-Tile modules perform well
- Front-end ASICs going into engineering runs in 2023
- Pre-production stainless steel CE-H absorber plates presently being machined in Pakistan

8 inch hexagonal sensor



G. Millella at DESY test beam



Muon System

See Arun Madhu's poster on "Longevity studies and search for eco-friendly gas mixture for CMS Cathode Strip Chambers" for more!



• DTs: extension of a slice test with final on board electronics

2 Slice Test

- Many GEM detectors already installed during LS2 and many more before LS3
- iRPC and GEMs: chamber production ongoing and on track

Summary

- CMS upgrades are largely moving to the (pre)-production phase
- Ready to exploit physics at the HL-LHC!
 - Sub-percent precision on many SM processes
 - Direct and indirect probes of BSM
- Lots of exciting opportunities for CMS in Phase 2! Hopefully I've whetted your appetite

Backup

More CMS Upgrades at LHCP

Parallel session talks:

- <u>CMS Level-1 Trigger Upgrade, Jose Enrique Palencia Cortezon</u>
- Highlights from HL-LHC Physics Prospects (ALICE, ATLAS, CMS, LHCb), Davide Zuolo

Posters:

- The CMS tracker upgrade for HL-LHC, Fabio Luongo
- Vertical Integration System Testing of the CMS HGCAL Electronics, Milos Vojinovic
- Longevity studies and search for eco-friendly gas mixture for CMS Cathode Strip Chambers, Arun Madhu

Beam Radiation Instrumentation and Luminosity



- **14 technical systems** for luminosity measurements and beam monitoring
- Target 1% offline (2% online) luminosity precision
 - Dominant experimental uncertainty for the most precise Higgs measurements

Status of FBCM (dedicated bunch-bybunch luminometer):

- Good progress on the FBCM design and test system
- ASIC submission is planned for this month
- **FE electronics** test system design: flexible and modular
- Thermal prototype production with close to final material is ongoing