

Leptoquarks and other leptonic final states with the ATLAS experiment



Giovanni Padovano
on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration



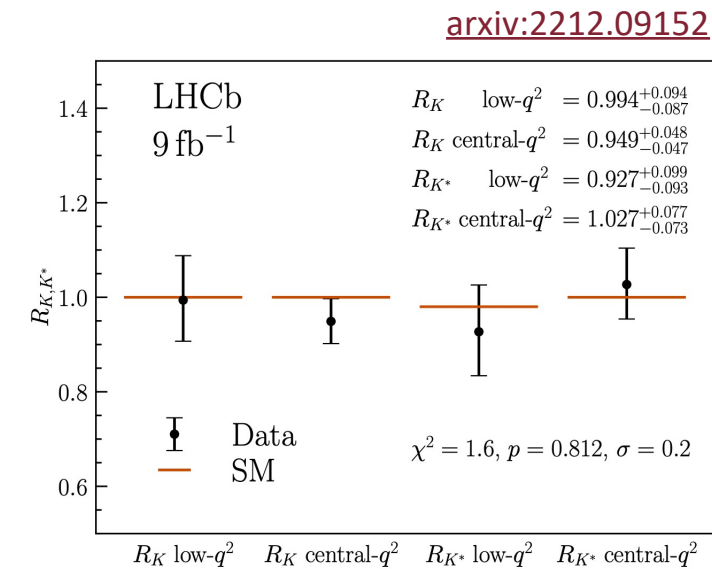
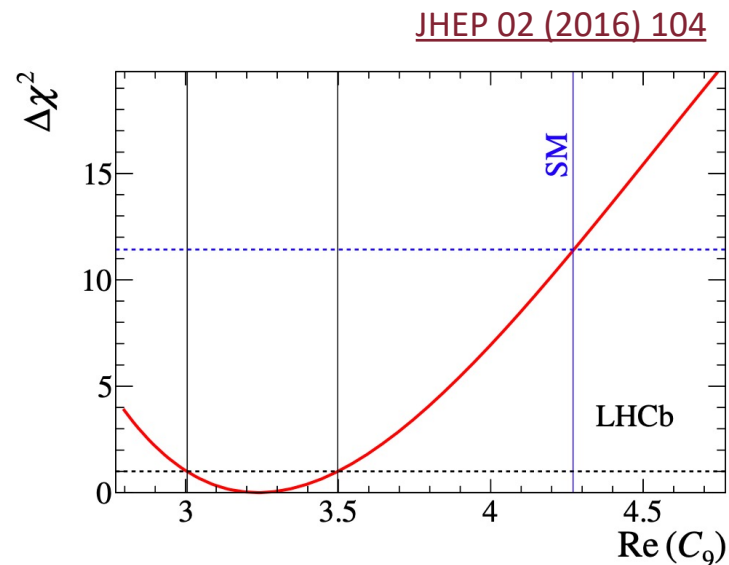
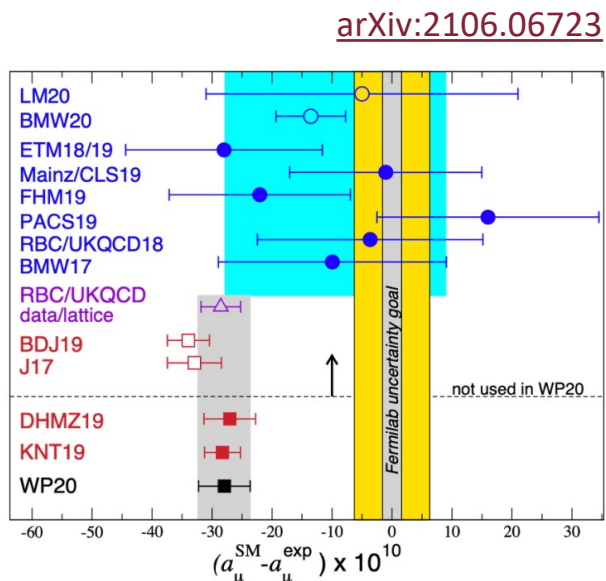
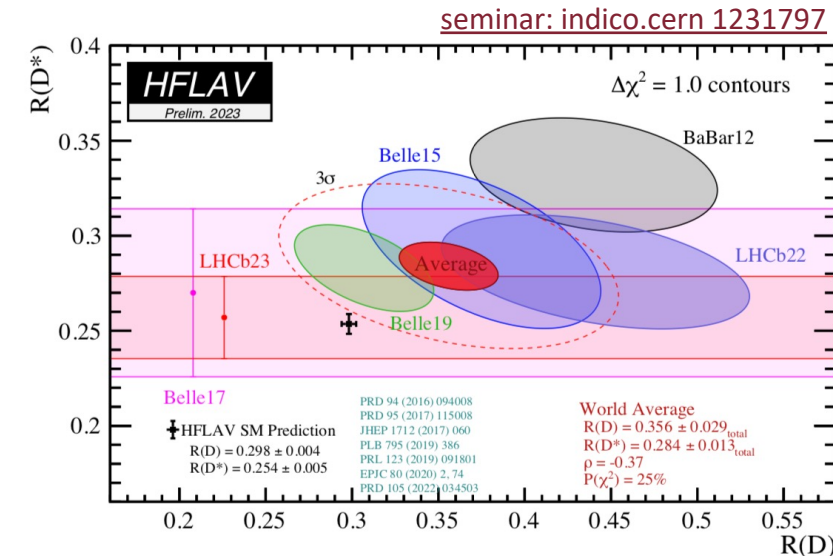
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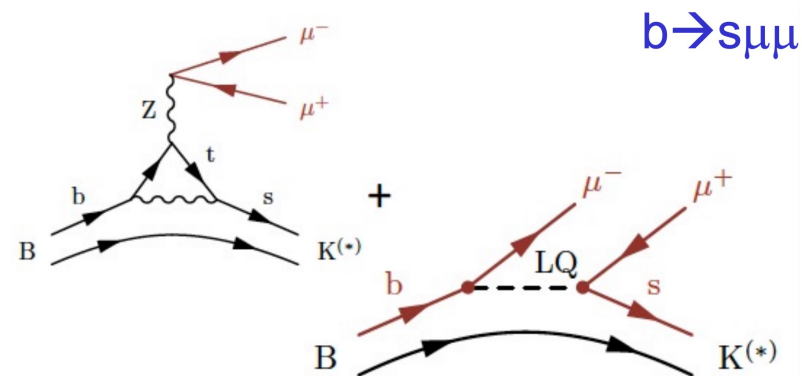
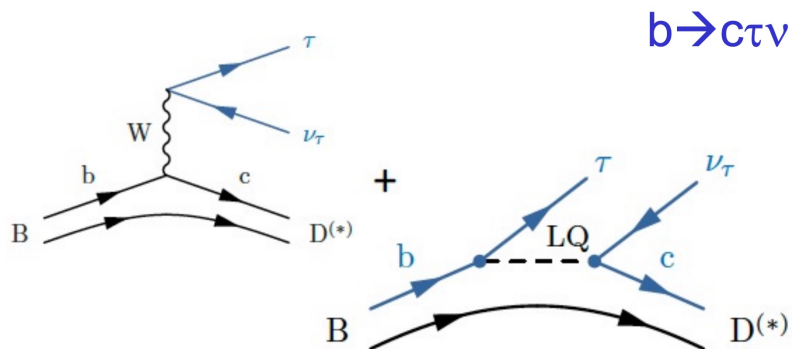
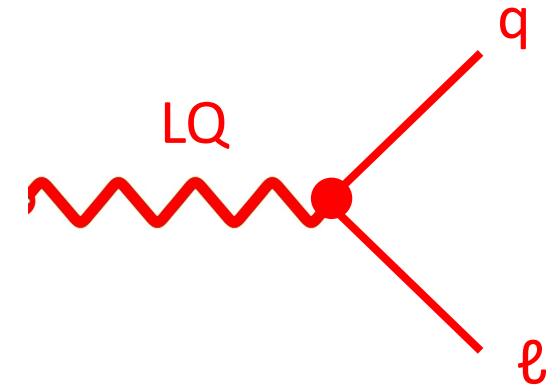
Introduction : anomalies in the flavour sector

- Several **anomalies** in the **flavour** sector have been recently measured:
 - R_D / R_{D^*} , 3.2σ anomaly in global average
 - R_K / R_{K^*} , anomalies measured by LHCb in 2019, gone away in 2022
 - ΔC_9 anomaly, 3.4σ deviation measured by LHCb
 - $g-2$ anomaly measured at Fermilab ...
- **ATLAS** is looking for new physics to explain this, in leptonic final states



Leptoquarks : a possible solution to anomalies

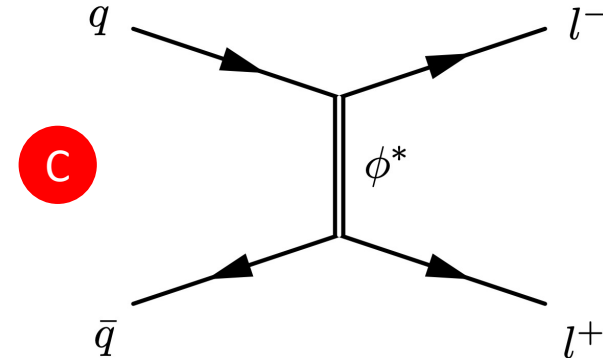
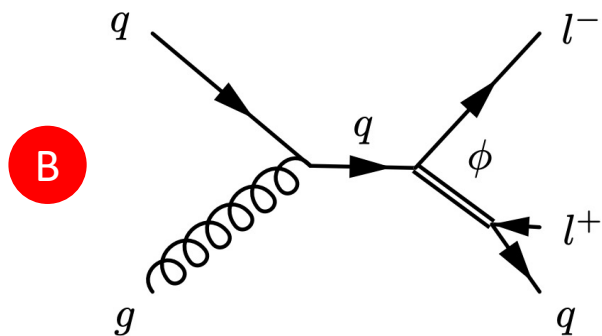
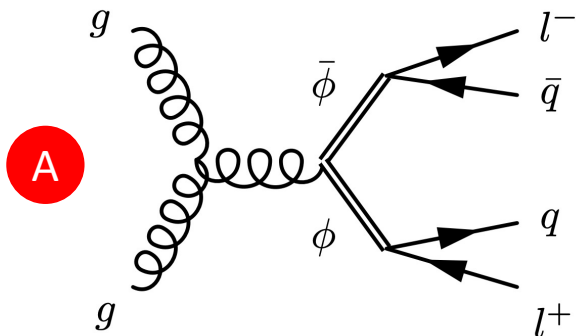
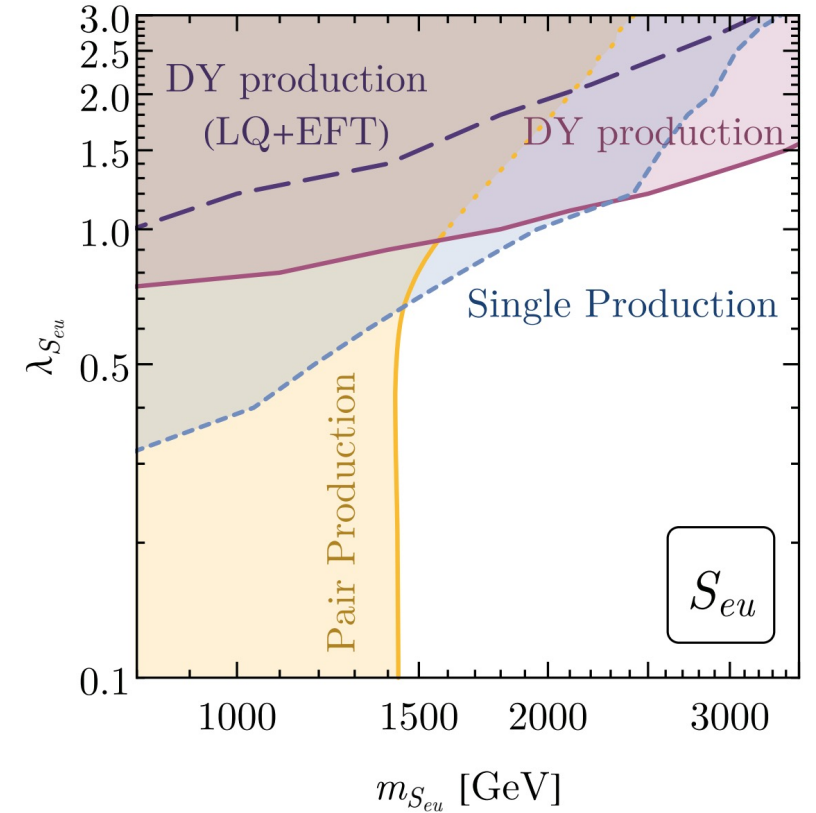
- **Leptoquarks**: possible explanation for many flavour anomalies:
 - interact with both leptons and quarks (lep. number as 4th colour)
 - **scalar** or **vector**, fractional electric charge
 - two coupling scenarios: **minimal** coupling or **Yang-Mills**
- First introduced in the 70s by **Pati & Salam**, based on the **SU(4)** symmetry
- Today improved and extended theory, e.g. “4321” model, U_1 LQ model



LQ type	$R_{K^{(*)}}$	$R_{D^{(*)}}$	$(g-2)_\ell$ at 1L
\tilde{S}_1	\times^*	\checkmark	\checkmark
\tilde{S}_1	(\times)	(\times)	\times
$\vec{\tilde{S}}_3$	\checkmark	\times	\times
R_2	\times^*	\checkmark	\checkmark
\tilde{R}_2	\times	\times	\times
U_1	\checkmark	\checkmark	\times
\tilde{U}_1	\checkmark	\times	(\times)
$\vec{\tilde{U}}_3$	\checkmark	\times	(\times)

Leptoquarks : production modes

- Three classes of production processes:
 - **pair-production** $\Rightarrow 2 \ell + 2 \text{ jet}$ final states. (A)
 - **single production** $\Rightarrow 2 \ell + 1 \text{ jet}$ final states (B)
 - **Drell-Yan** with exchange in t-channel $\Rightarrow 2 \ell$ final states. (C)
- Production process determines the **exclusion area**:
 - pair-production good for low masses at any coupling
 - single production and Drell-Yan good for high masses



[arxiv 1810.10017](https://arxiv.org/abs/1810.10017)

Looking for new physics : leptoquarks and leptonic final states

JHEP 08 (2021) 050

- Leptoquark decay is ruled by the β tensor encoding the flavour structure:

- cross-generational decay \Rightarrow off-diagonal terms
- same-generation decay \Rightarrow in-diagonal terms

$$\mathcal{L}_U \supset \frac{g_U}{\sqrt{2}} (U^\mu J_\mu^U + \text{h.c.})$$

$$J_\mu^U = \beta_L^{i\alpha} (\bar{q}_L^i \gamma_\mu \ell_L^\alpha) + \beta_R^{i\alpha} (\bar{d}_R^i \gamma_\mu e_R^\alpha)$$

- **Not only leptoquarks:** other exotic hypotheses addressing flavour anomalies, with multilepton final state:

- **vector-like** fermions
- new heavy **resonances** at the TeV scale
- **clockworks**

$$\beta_L = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & \beta_L^{d\tau} \\ 0 & \beta_L^{s\mu} & \beta_L^{s\tau} \\ 0 & \beta_L^{b\mu} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

↘

$$\beta_L \sim \begin{pmatrix} \square & & \\ \square & \square & \\ \square & \square & \blacksquare \end{pmatrix}$$

This talk: overview of all first ATLAS searches looking for New Physics exploiting leptonic final states

Searches for leptoquarks coupling across different flavour families

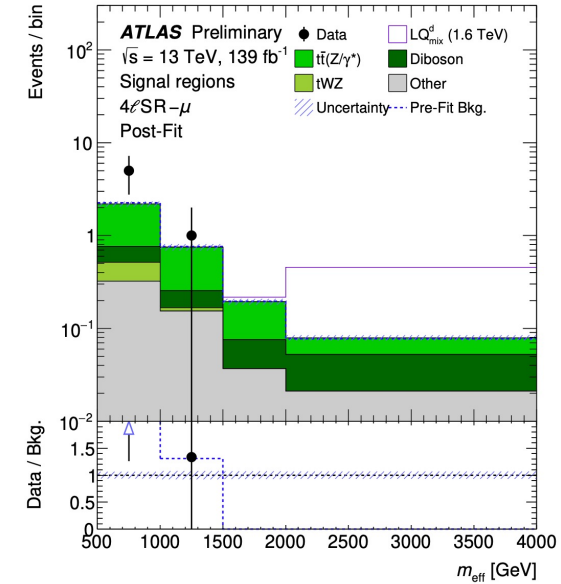
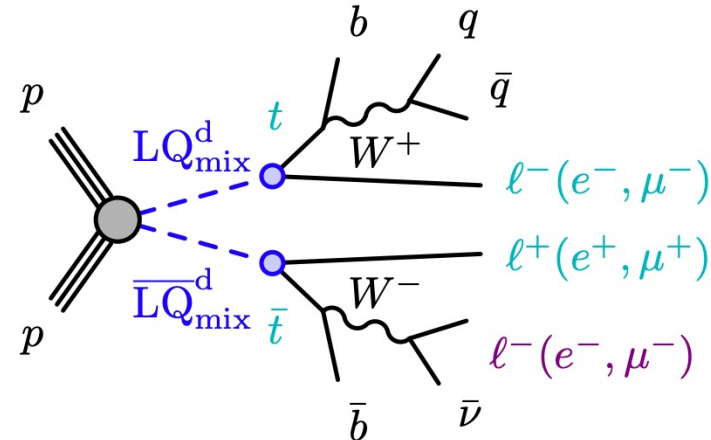
ttbar $\ell^+ \ell^-$: pair production in multilepton final states

- Events selection: ≥ 2 light lep, ≥ 2 jets, ≥ 1 b-jet

- Analysis regions:**

- signal: (3l, 4l), for tete t μ t μ , min(m_{ll})>100 GeV
- control: backgrounds ttW, ttZ/ γ^*

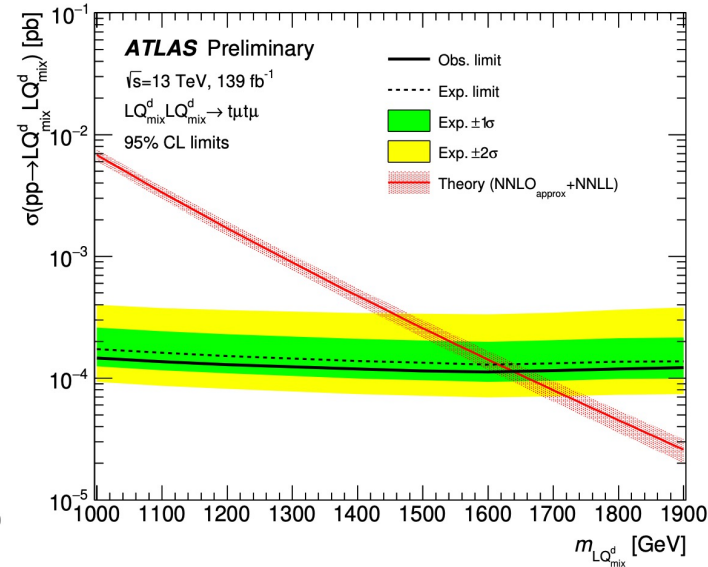
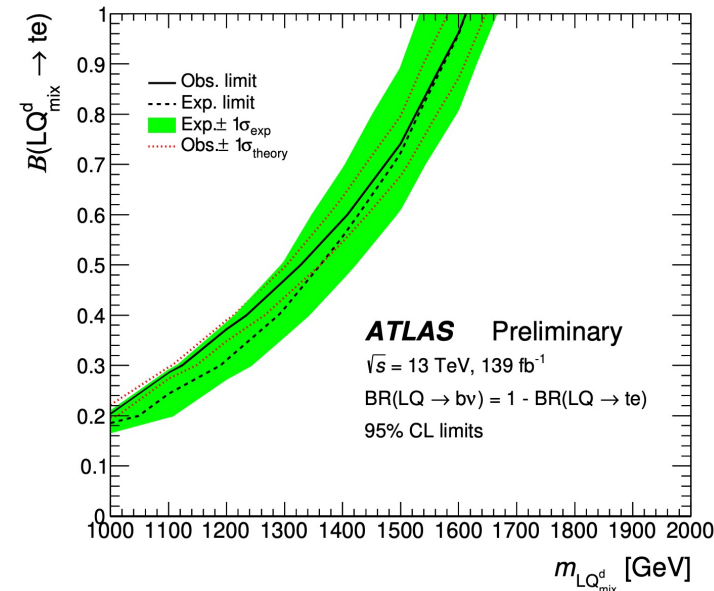
- Fit done on **effective mass**: $m_{\text{eff}} = \sum_{l, \text{jet}} p_T + p_T^{\text{miss}}$



[ATLAS-CONF-2022-052](#)

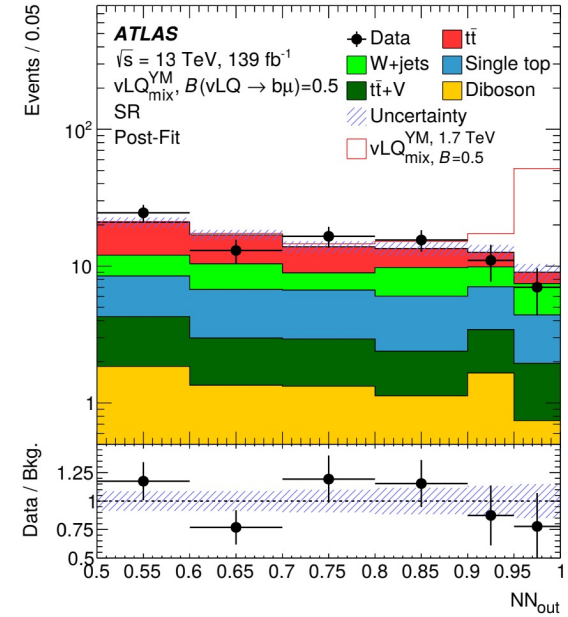
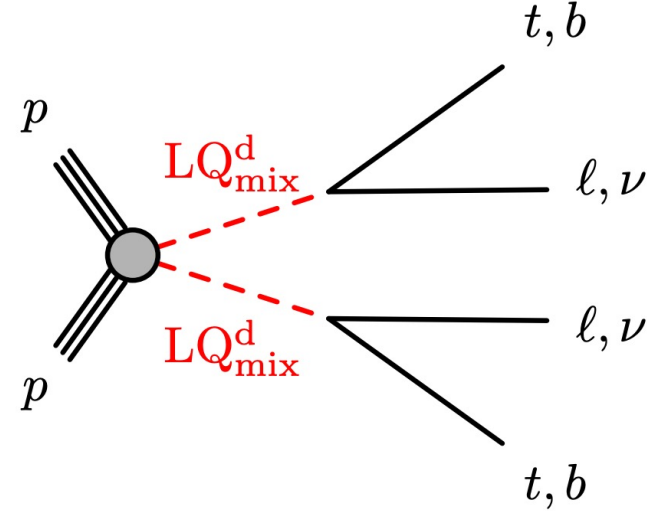
- Limit results, separately in te (t μ):**

- scalar LQ: 1.61 (1.64) TeV
- vector LQ minimal coupl. : 1.71 (1.73) TeV
- vector LQ Y-M coupl. : 2.0 (2.0) TeV



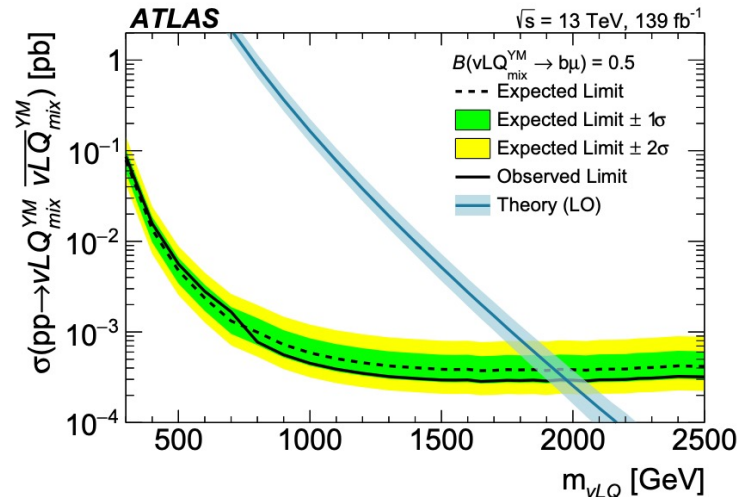
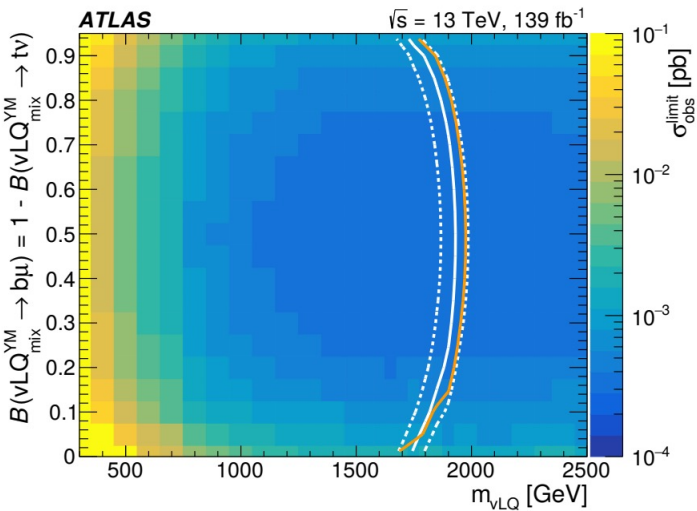
$t, b \ell, \nu$: pair production in single lepton final state

- Events selection:
 - **exactly one lepton** (e, μ) from LQ or t_{lep} decay
 - missing transverse momentum (from ν)
 - ≥ 4 hadronic jets
- **Top reweighting** region for data-driven rescaling of $t\bar{t}$ and single-top backgrounds
- Fit done on **NN_{out} score** after training in a separate region



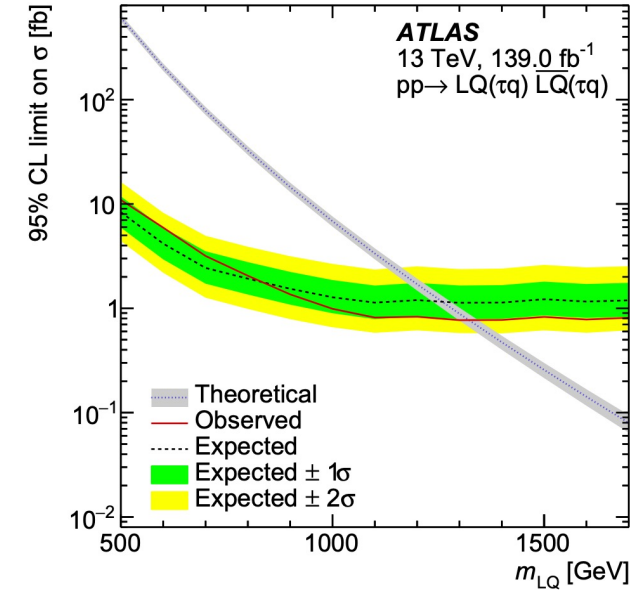
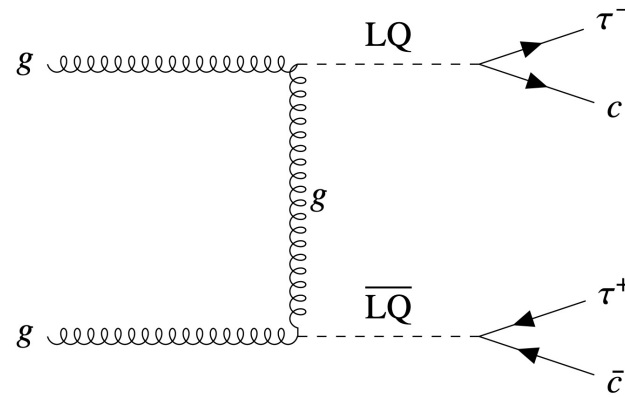
[arxiv:2210.04517](https://arxiv.org/abs/2210.04517)

- **Limit results**, in $\mu(e)$ final states:
 - up sc. LQ: 1.47 (1.44) TeV
 - down sc. LQ: 1.37 (1.39) TeV
 - vector LQ min. coupling: 1.71 (1.62) TeV
 - vector LQ Y-M coupling: 1.98 (1.90) TeV



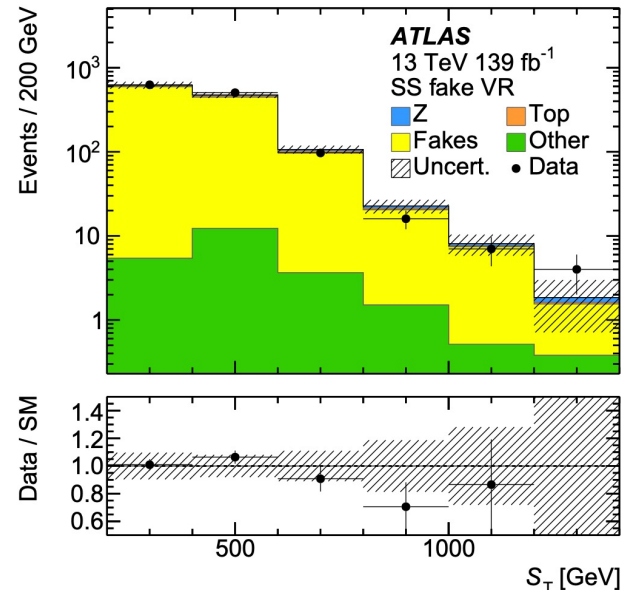
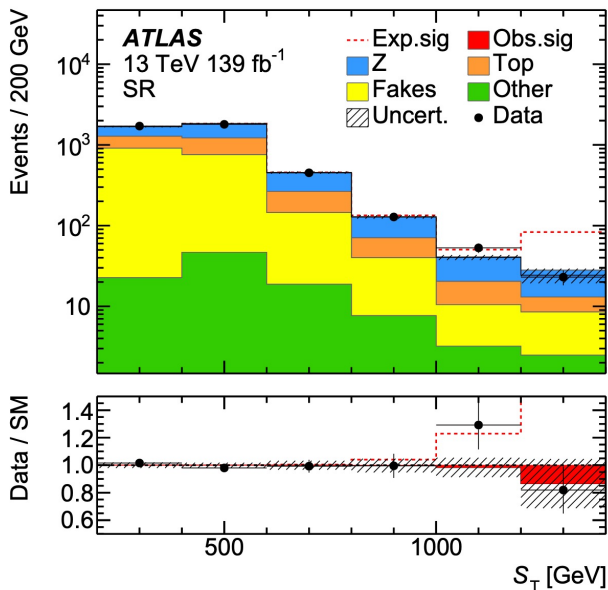
CCTT : pair production in di-tau final states

- Events selection: $2 \tau_{\text{had}} + \geq 2$ jets, di-tau triggers
- Main backgrounds: Z+jets, multijet, ttbar, single top.
- Multijet background due to $\text{jet} \rightarrow \tau_{\text{fakes}}$, estimated with the FakeFactors method:
 - same-sign validation region to cross-check the estimate



[arxiv:2303.09444](https://arxiv.org/abs/2303.09444)

- Limit result for scalar LQ only: $m_{LQ} > 1.3$ TeV

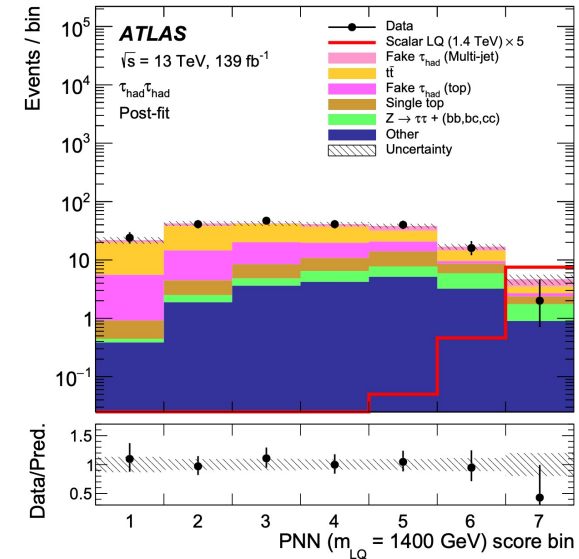
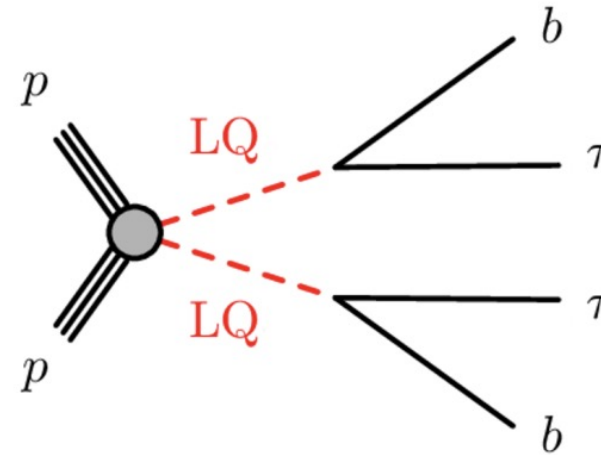


Note: no flavour tagging algorithm is used in the analysis, hence limit results hold also for lighter quarks u, d, s

Searches for leptoquarks coupling in the same flavour family

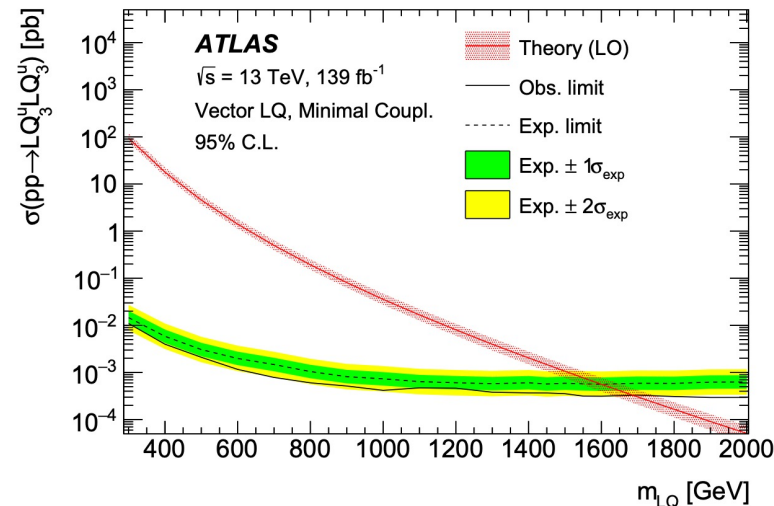
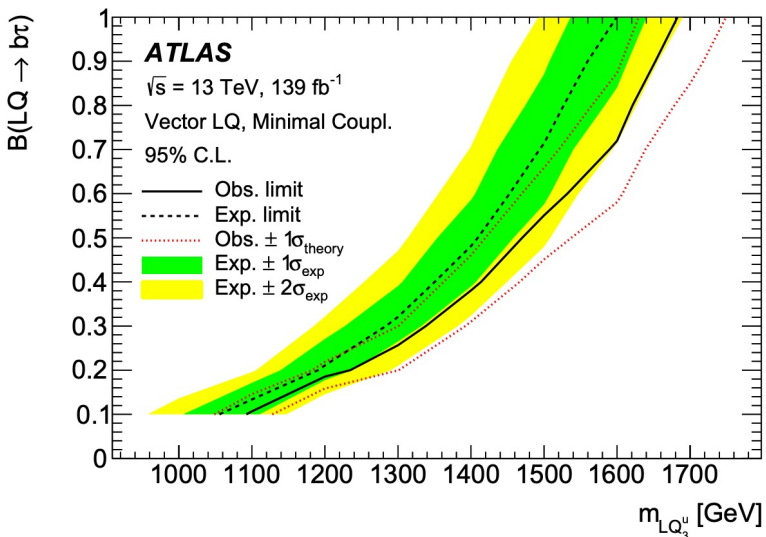
bb $\tau\tau$: pair production in di-tau final states

- Events selection:
 - $\tau_{lep}\tau_{had}$, $\tau_{had}\tau_{had}$ (lep=e, μ) channels
 - single-tau triggers and single lepton triggers
- Scalar sum variable: $S_T = \sum_{\tau,j} p_{Tj} + p_T^{miss} > 600$ GeV
- Major backgrounds: top, Z+jets, fake- τ_{had}
- Final fit done on parametric neural network score



[arxiv:2303.01294](https://arxiv.org/abs/2303.01294)

- Limit results:
 - scalar LQ: 1.49 TeV
 - vector LQ min. coupling: 1.69 TeV
 - vector LQ YM coupling: 1.96 TeV



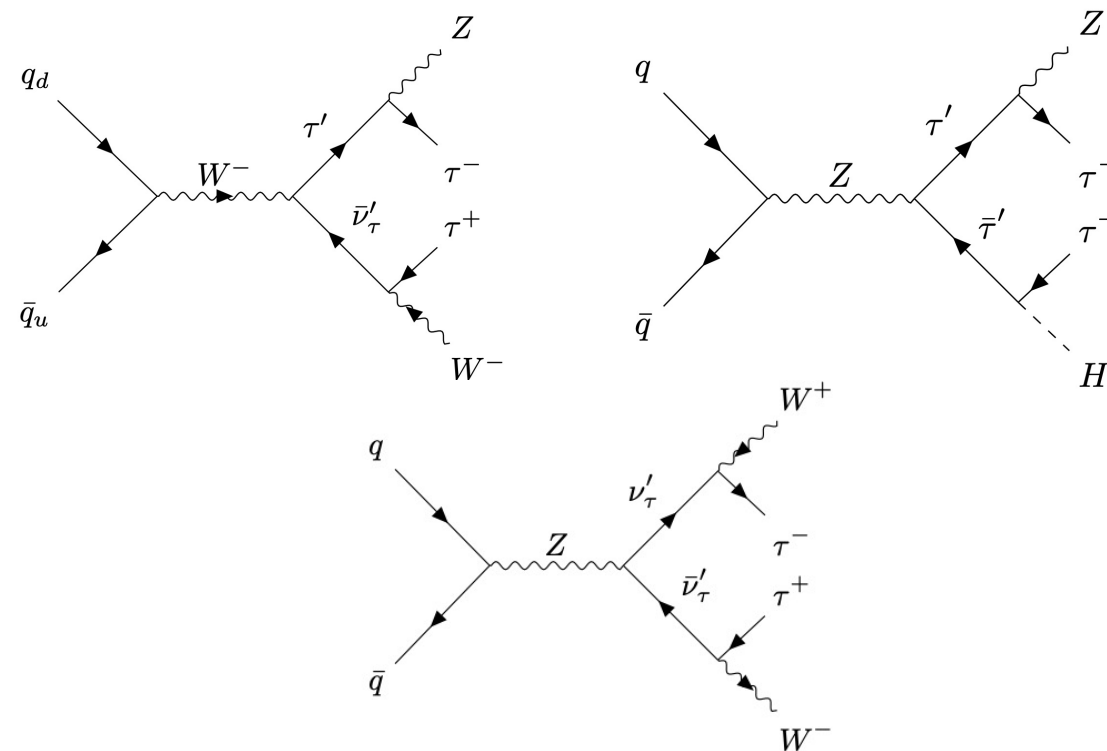
Searches for other exotic leptonic final states

Vector-like leptons : multi-lepton final states

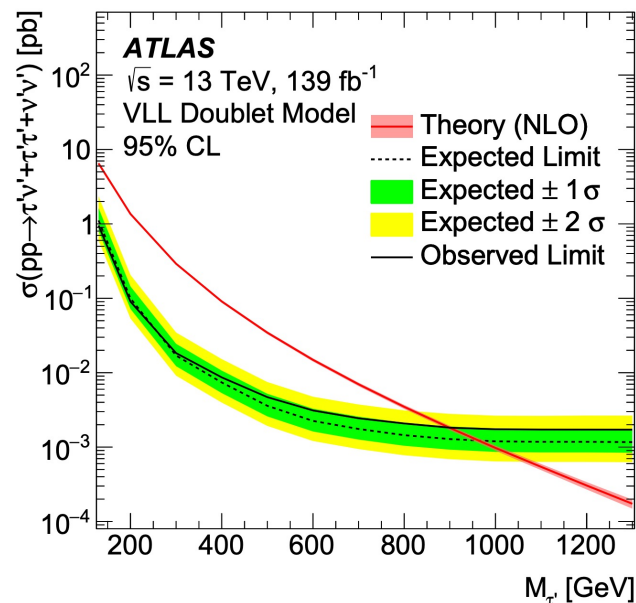
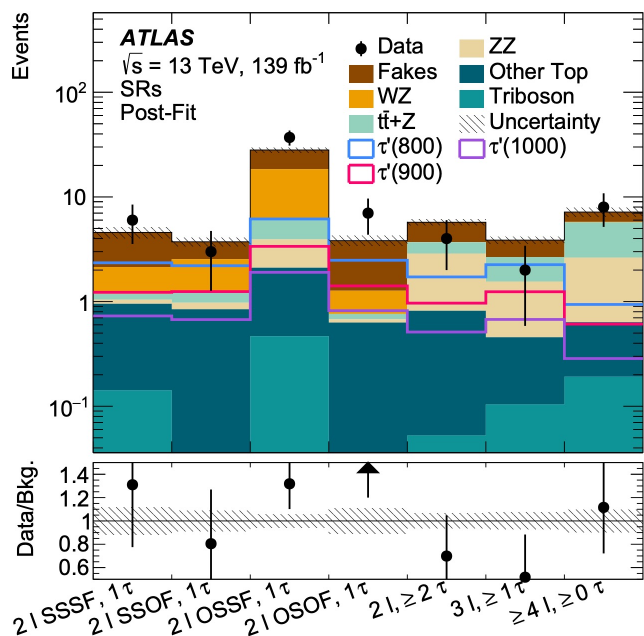
- VLL are **doublets** $L' = (\tau' \nu_{\tau'})$, coupling to third generation fermions and decaying into W/Z/H bosons:

➤ $\nu_{\tau'} \rightarrow W \tau, \tau' \rightarrow Z \tau, \tau' \rightarrow H \tau$

- Signal signature: ≥ 2 light leptons (e, μ), ≥ 0 τ_{had}



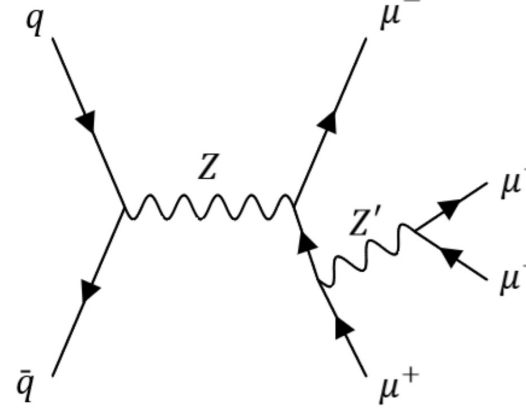
[arxiv:2303.05441](https://arxiv.org/abs/2303.05441)



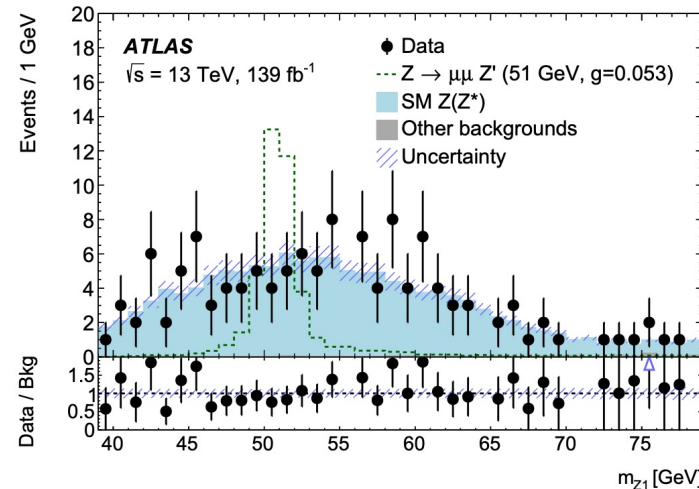
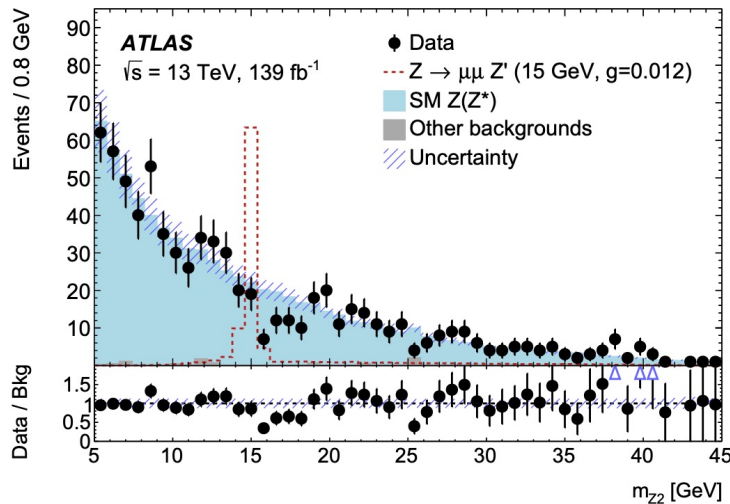
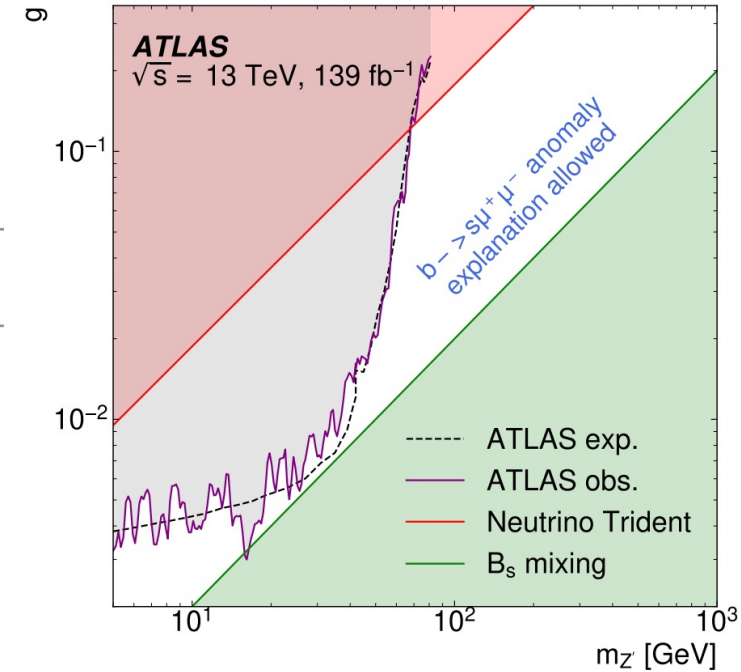
- Analysis performed training a **BDT** across **7 training/signal** regions (charge/flavour sign, ..)
- Exclusion **limit** on $m_{\tau'}$ in the range 130 - 900 GeV

$Z' \rightarrow \mu\mu + 2\mu$: exotics gauge boson coupling to muons

- Exotic gauge boson addressing $g-2$ and R_K/R_{K^*} anomalies
- Events selection:
 - $\geq 4 \mu$ with $p_T > 20/15/8/3$ GeV
 - $\min(m_{\mu\mu}) > 4$ GeV, $\min\Delta R_{\mu\mu} > 0.2$, $80 < m_{4\mu} < 180$ GeV
- Di-muon mass pairing:
 - Z_1 : $\mu^+ \mu^-$ pair with smallest $|m_{Z_1} - m_Z|$
 - Z_2 : remaining $\mu^+ \mu^-$ pair with largest m_{Z_2}



[arxiv:2301.09342](https://arxiv.org/abs/2301.09342)

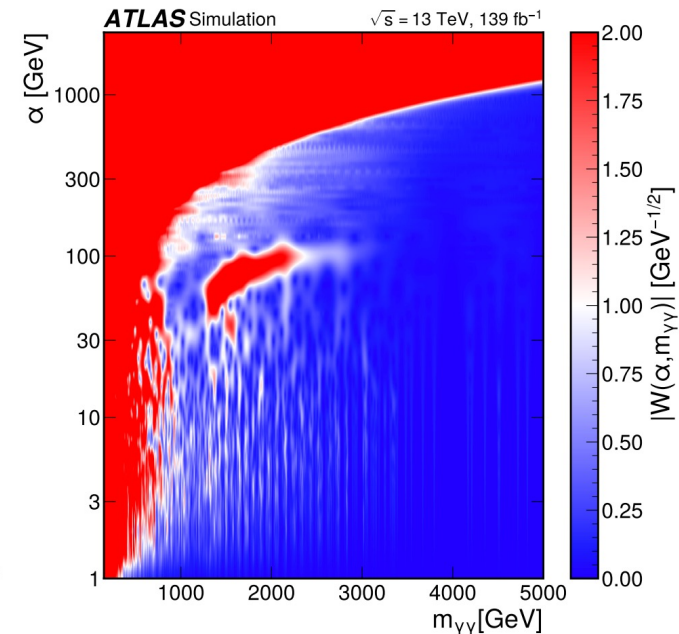
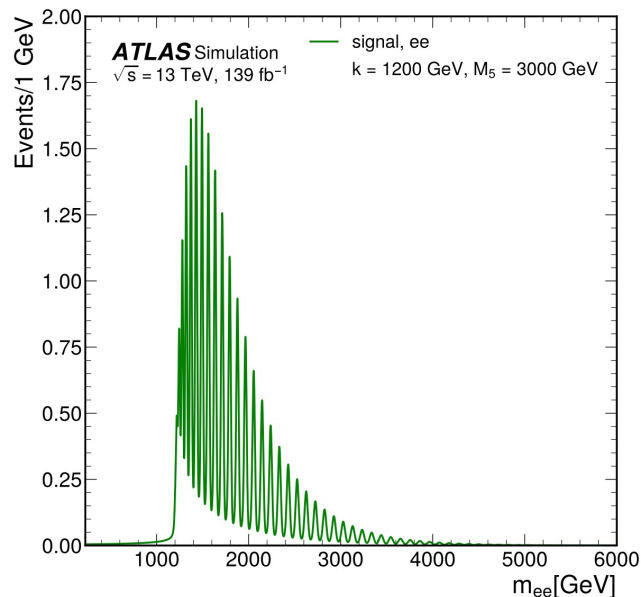


- Parametric-DNN to achieve further discrimination, then fit
- Exclusion limit: $5 < m_{Z'} < 81$ GeV and $0.003 < g_{Z'} < 0.2$

Clockworks : periodic signals in ee $\gamma\gamma$ mass spectrum

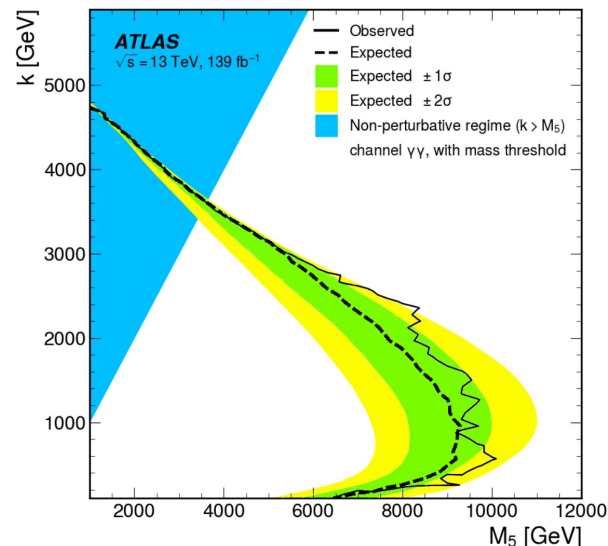
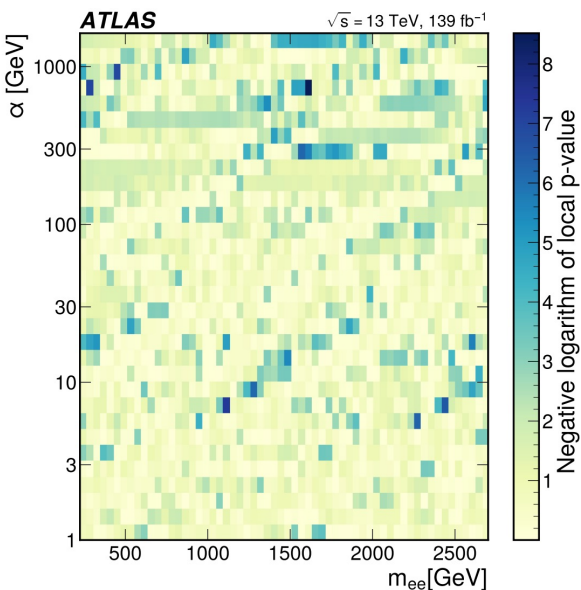
- Exotic periodic signals addressing Higgs naturalness and hierarchy problem
- Look for excess in ee / $\gamma\gamma$ channels
- Spot in the scalogram, i.e. diagram of **Wavelet transform** amplitude in mass (β) vs scale ($\alpha \approx 1/\text{freq}$) space

$$W(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(m) \psi^* \left(\frac{m - \beta}{\alpha} \right) dm$$



[arxiv:2305.10894](https://arxiv.org/abs/2305.10894)

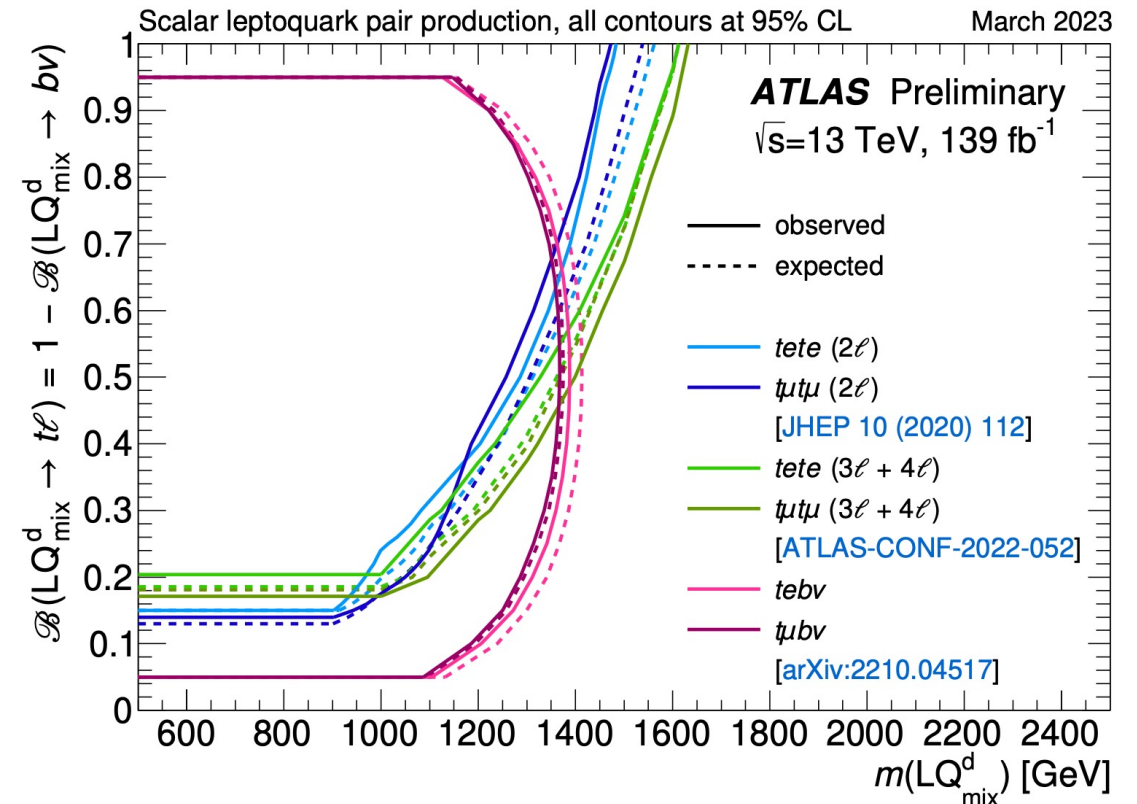
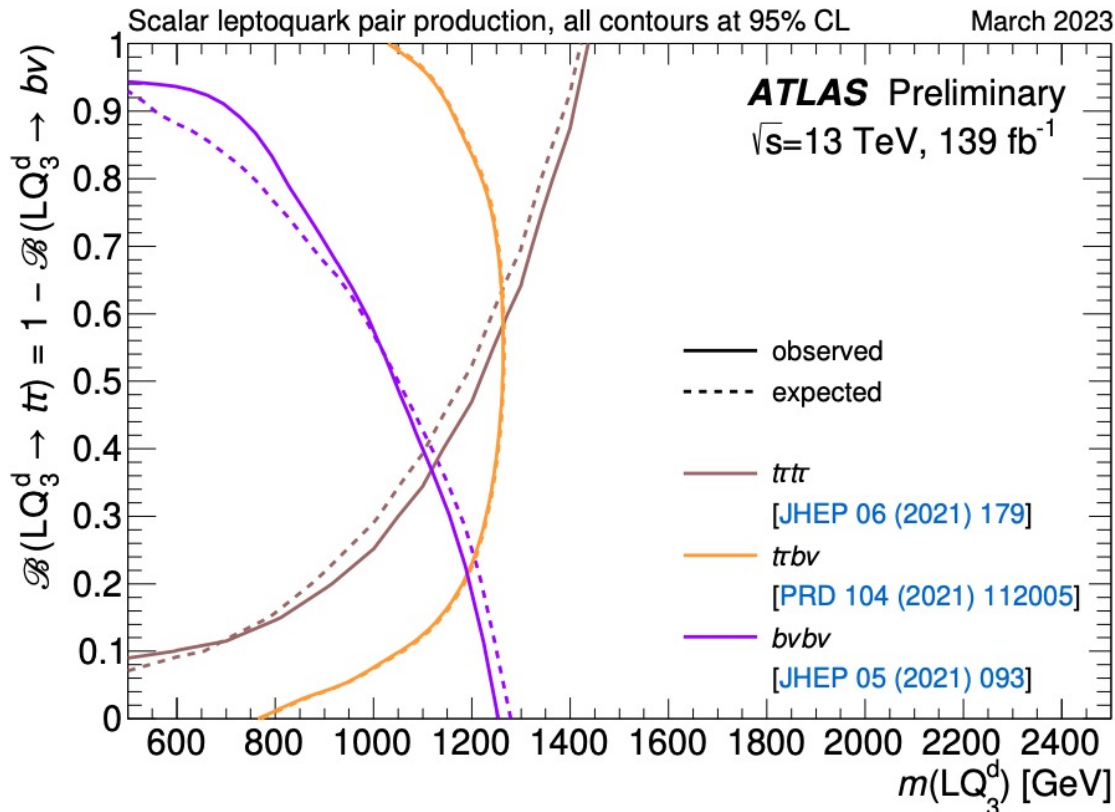
- **Scalograms processed with NN techniques:**
 - **autoencoder** \Rightarrow model indep. anomaly detection
 - **binary classifier** \Rightarrow model dep. discriminator
- In the CW/LD model scenario exclusion for theory parameters: $1 < M_5 < 11 \text{ TeV}$ and $0.1 < k < 5 \text{ TeV}$



Summary plots : leptoquark searches

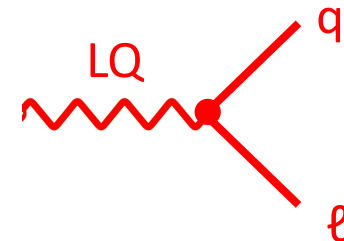
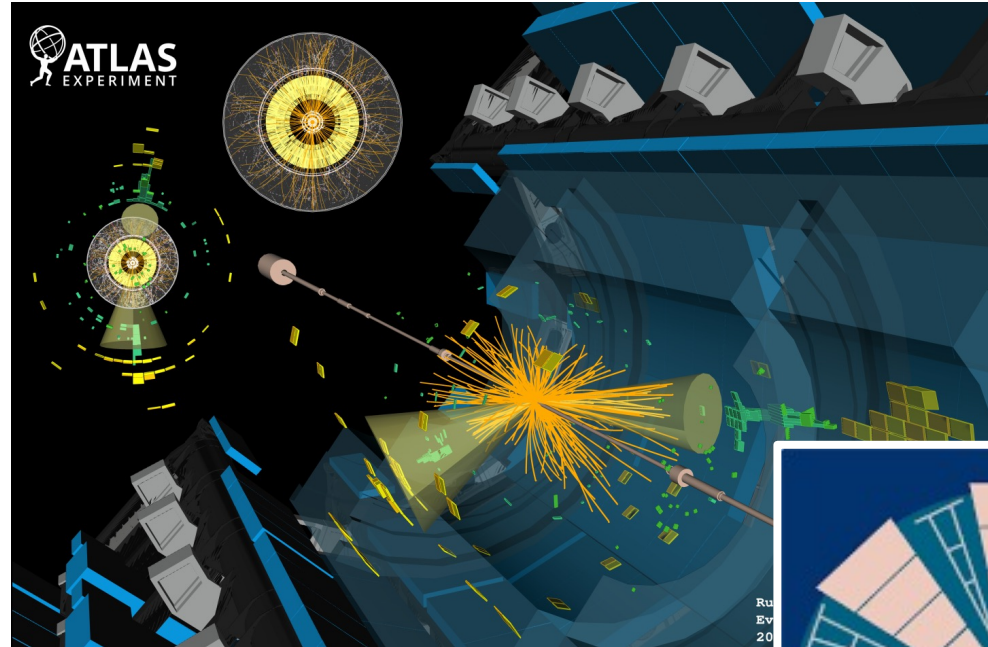
- Broad program of leptoquark searches with cross-generational couplings, **growing program** for **3rd generation** couplings
- Pair production and single production have been exploited, now **ongoing searches** are targeting **Drell-Yan** production to probe the high mass range

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2023-006



Conclusions

- The picture painted by flavour anomalies is exciting, many results, others coming
- **No clear new physics** evidence in Run 2 dataset in searches for:
 - leptoquarks (both vector and scalar)
 - vector-like fermions
 - exotic vector bosons
 - clockworks
- New **Run 3** dataset and **improvements** in complex **object reconstruction** (e.g. taus, c-jets)



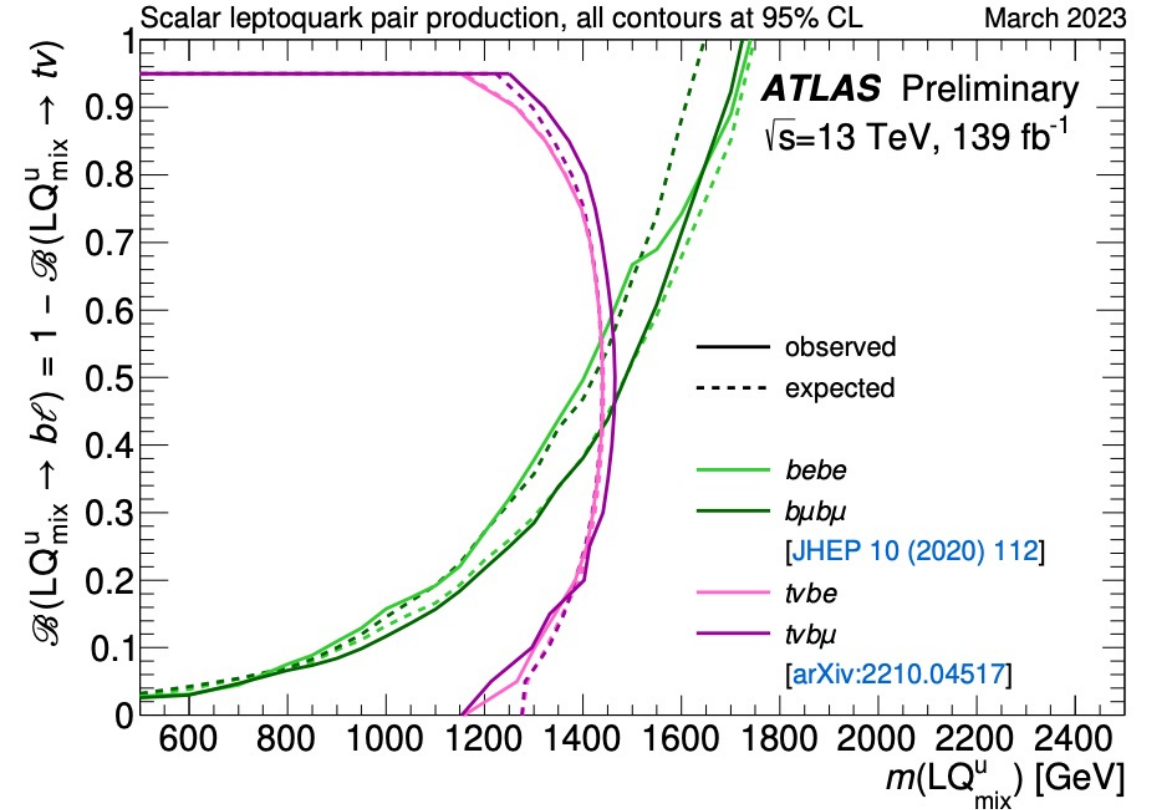
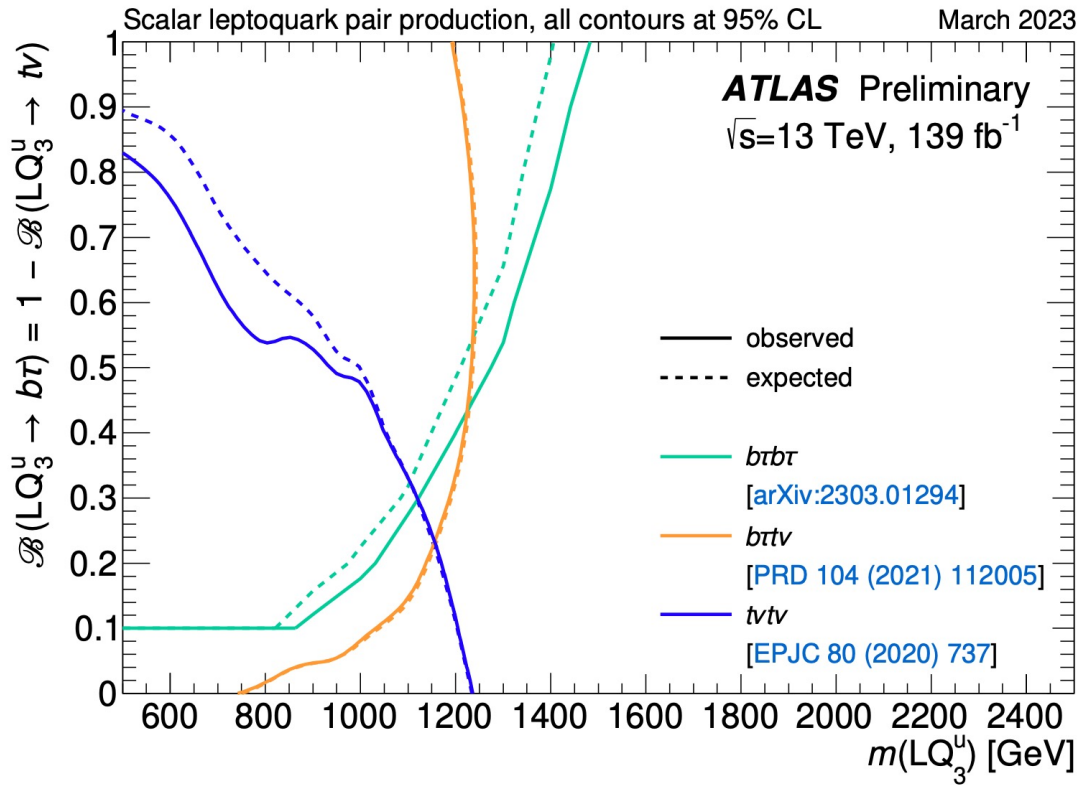
Thanks for your attention !

Backup

Summary plots : leptoquark searches

- Other summary plots (complementary to those already shown in sl. 15)
- Scalar LQ of up-type, pair-produced, exclusion limits for same-generation and cross-generational searches

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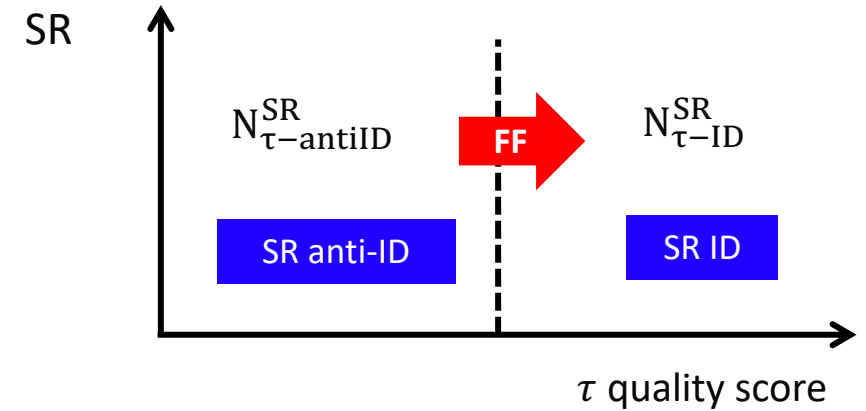


Example for tau fakes estimate : fake factors method

- Definitions:**

- SR anti-ID: same as SR but with reversed cut on RNN score
- FF: transfer factor anti-ID → ID

$$FF = \frac{N_{\tau-ID}^{CR}}{N_{\tau-antiID}^{CR}} \quad N_{\tau-ID}^{SR} = FF \times N_{\tau-antiID}^{SR}$$



- Method (FakeFactors):**

1) template fit in the SR anti-ID on the tau-width to extract the fractions of quark / gluon / pile-up jets:

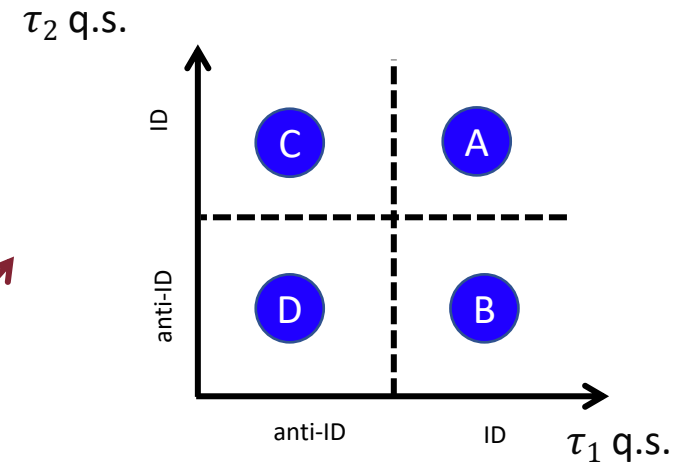
$$\text{histo}_{\text{comb}} = n_Z \text{histo}_{Zmm} + (1 - n_Z) * [n_{IJVT} \text{histo}_{IJVT} + (1 - n_{IJVT}) \text{histo}_{hJVT}]$$

2) build **combined FF** from fitted fractions:

$$FF_{\text{comb}} = n_Z FF_{Zmm} + (1 - n_Z) * [n_{IJVT} FF_{IJVT} + (1 - n_{IJVT}) FF_{hJVT}]$$

3) use FF_{comb} to **extrapolate** the di-tau fakes bkg. in the SR ID:

$$\text{bkg.} = N(\tau_{ID}\tau_{anti-ID}) FF_2 + N(\tau_{anti-ID}\tau_{ID}) FF_1 - N(\tau_{anti-ID}\tau_{anti-ID}) FF_1 FF_2 = B + C - D$$



Note: here just a paradigmatic example, every analysis has its own specific strategy for implement this